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25693	7590 05/05/2004		EXAMINER	
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333 WEST SAN CARLOS ST.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

Paper No. 26

Application Number: 09/116,147

Filing Date: July 16, 1998

Appellant(s): YANG, LIUYANG

Stephen Neal For Appellant

EXAMINER'S ANSWER

This is in response to the appeal brief filed 3/29/04.



Application/Control Number: 09/116,147

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(1) Real Party in Interest

A statement identifying the real party in interest is contained in the brief.

(2) Related Appeals and Interferences

The brief does not contain a statement identifying the related appeals and interferences which will directly affect or be directly affected by or have a bearing on the decision in the pending appeal is contained in the brief. Therefore, it is presumed that there are none. The Board, however, may exercise its discretion to require an explicit statement as to the existence of any related appeals and interferences.

(3) Status of Claims

The statement of the status of the claims contained in the brief is correct.

(4) Status of Amendments After Final

No amendment after final has been filed.

(5) Summary of Invention

The summary of invention contained in the brief is correct.

(6) Issues

The appellant's statement of the issues in the brief is correct.

(7) Grouping of Claims

The rejection of claims 1-25 stand or fall together because appellant's brief does not include a statement that this grouping of claims does not stand or fall together and reasons in support thereof. See 37 CFR 1.192(c)(7).

(8) Claims Appealed

The copy of the appealed claims contained in the Appendix to the brief is correct.



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(9) Prior Art of Record

6,148,026

PURI ET AL

11-2000

(10) Grounds of Rejection

The following ground(s) of rejection are applicable to the appealed claims:

Claims 1-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Puri et al (6,148,026). This rejection is set forth in prior Office Action, Paper No. 2.

(11) Response to Argument

Appellant asserts on pages 4 and 5 of the Brief that Puri et al does not disclose excluding at least one sub-step from execution during an encoding pass for which that sub-step is unnecessary. However, according appellant's analyses of the two different circumstances on page 5 of the Brief, Examiner maintains that the invention of Puri et al is consistent with Appellant's disclosure in its broadest sense where sub-steps may be either excluded or disabled from execution:

- (1) the first circumstance, in which data is recoded, Figure 1C of Puri et al discloses encoding the data using a smaller set of parameters to create a smaller set of mesh nodes. Thus, the remaining mesh node coding steps are excluded during the recoding pass for which these mesh node coding steps are deemed unnecessary; and
- (2) the second circumstance, in which mesh node encoding is disabled, Figure 2A of Puri et al illustrates an alternative embodiment where compositor 440 may command the encoder 300 to exclude the sub-step of mesh node encoding from execution altogether because the entire mesh node encoding step is deemed unnecessary (see col. 6, lines 32-35 and 49-52).





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Examiner acknowledges that Puri et al does not describe a method identical to that disclosed by appellants. However, claims are to be given their broadest reasonable interpretation during prosecution, and the scope of a claim cannot be narrowed by reading disclosed limitations into the claim. See In re Morris, 127 F.3d 1048, 1054, 44 USPQ2D 1023, 1027 (Fed. Cir. 1997); In re Zletz, 893 F.2d 319, 321, 13 USPQ2D 1320, 1322 (Fed. Cir. 1989); In re Prater, 415 F.2d 1393, 1404, 162 USPQ 541, 550 (CCPA 1969). In addition, the law of anticipation does not require that a reference "teach" what an appellant's disclosure teaches. Assuming that reference is properly "prior art," it is only necessary that the claims "read on" something disclosed in the reference, i.e., all limitations of the claim are found in the reference, or "fully met" by it. Kalman v. Kimberly-Clark Corp., 713 F.2d 760, 772, 218 USPQ 781, 789 (Fed. Cir. 1983).

(12) Conclusion

For the above reasons, it is believed that the rejections should be sustained.



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Respectfully submitted,

Y. Lee
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2613

yl May 3, 2004

Conferees Chris Kelley—SPE Richard Lee—Primary Examiner

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